

Beckfoot Upper Heaton

English Curriculum Goals at Beckfoot Upper Heaton

Students at Beckfoot Upper Heaton will be expected to have achieved at least the following goals at each stage of Key Stage 3. Their assessments will explicitly test whether they have attained these skills.

		Year 7 Goals	Year 8 Goals	Year 9 Goals
Core English Skills	Spelling, punctuation and grammar	Write simple and compound sentences. Begin to include complex sentences using simple embedded clauses and	Frequently use complex sentences correctly with commas for lists and subordination.	Consistently secure use of complex sentences. Begin to create varied and ambitious sentence structures.
		fronted adverbials in creative writing tasks.	Write full paragraphs of at least four sentences with a topic sentence to begin.	Sustained use of clear paragraphing in extended pieces of at least one side of writing.
		Use full stops and capital letters accurately.	Begin to vary paragraphing for impact in creative pieces.	Paragraphing is deliberately crafted for impact in creative pieces.
		High and most medium frequency words are spelled correctly. Lower frequency words or irregular words	Use was/were, your/you're, there/their/they're, it's/its, contraction apostrophes, been/being usually correctly.	Consistently correct use of common homophones. Consistent use of tense in creative and
		may be misspelled.	Accurate speech punctuation. Some possible errors in tense and subject-verb agreement.	Begin to use a varied range of punctuation including: ! ? () : ;
	Concepts	 Understand: Characterisation Genre Setting in a text and explain in a straightforward manner. 	 Understand: External/Internal conflict Narrative voice Subtext and message Poetic form and technique in a text and begin to explain in a detailed manner 	Understand: • Narrative allegory • Symbolism • Narrative viewpoint • Atmosphere • Stagecraft in a text and begin to explain in a clear, thoughtful
	Analysis	Retrieve straightforward information and draw straightforward inferences from fiction and nonfiction. Explain the impact of key adjectives, adverbs, verbs and nouns. Begin to explain connotations of language choices.	Retrieve and dissect quotes explaining explicit and implicit information with detailed inferences. Explain the impact of figurative language. Begin to expand inferences in explanations and interpretations (because Almost as though).	Embed a range of quotes explaining the writer's methods and intentions. Write using essay structure (introduction, examples, conclusion) when analysing given texts. Explain the impact of structure in an extract or chapter from a novel. Identify and explain a writer's viewpoint. Compare two texts using apt connectives and
Writing	Writing	Write a straightforward narrative in chronological order with a clear beginning, middle and end. Begin to use figurative language	Use varied structural techniques in narrative writing: flashback, cyclical writing, split narrative. Consistently use figurative language in	making valid inferences. Adopt the most appropriate structural techniques for a given narrative. Figurative language is apt and creative.
		using SAMOSAP. Establish setting through description.	description. Establish atmosphere and tone using pathetic fallacy.	Experiment with different narrative voices including first person, third person restricted, third person omniscient.
		Establish character through description.	Begin to show character development in a narrative.	Establish and then manipulate atmosphere and tone within the same piece of writing. Planning is purposeful and concise.
	Creative Writing	Plan narrative writing in four bullet points.	Planning reflects understanding of narrative structure.	
	Transactional Writing	Write a scaffolded persuasive speech using rhetorical devices (AFORREST) and descriptive language	Write using conventions of news journalism (headline, topic sentence, 5 W's, facts/opinions).	Write to argue a personal viewpoint on a given topic without a scaffold.
		(SAMOSAP).	Write editorially using rhetorical devices (AFORREST).	Adopt the appropriate conventions of form for newspaper/magazine articles, letters, diary entries, leaflets and blogs.
	Tran		Use anecdotes and expert opinion when writing to argue/persuade	Structure a cohesive argument that addresses the premise of a statement, offers personal inferences on a topic then proposes a conclusion .

Literary Study	Novel/ Play/ Shakespeare/ Poetry	 Modern novel: 'My Sister Lives in the Mantelpiece' Fiction: Opening Chapters booklet, 'Tiny Worlds' short story anthology Non-fiction: speeches unit (Malala, JFK) Shakespeare: 'Taste of Shakespeare' extracts (Macbeth, Midsummer Night's Dream, Taming of the Shrew, Twelfth Night, Hamlet Othello) Poetry: 'We Are All Poets' booklet 	 Modern novel: 'Trash' Shakespeare: 'Macbeth' Non-fiction: Voices of Women, War Journalism, Ambitious Figures Poetry: War Poetry Media: Narrative in film 	 Modern novel: 'Noughts and Crosses' Modern play: 'The Crucible' Fiction: 'Women in Writing: The Bronte Sisters' extract booklet Non-fiction: 19th century 'Crime and Punishment' booklet, 'Unheard Voices' booklet, 19th century 'Industrial Revolution' booklet Poetry: 'Unheard Voices' booklet
Literacy	Vocabulary	Must teach: Adjective, adverb, noun, verb, narrator, simile, metaphor, personification, genre, character, setting, implies, suggests	Must teach: Narrative, journalism, editorial, form, conventions, poverty, figurative, connotations, ambition, conflict, soliloquy, act, scene, dialogue, iambic pentameter, assonance, sibilance, consonance	Must teach: Symbolism, allegory, feminism, rhetoric, logos, pathos, ethos, stage direction, monologue, imperialism, colonialism, prejudice, stereotype
	Oracy	Be able to answer open questions and expand on own answers in standard English with some possible errors in fluency/register.	Convey opinions in a meaningful dialogue between peers using formal language.	Present an extended speech on a given topic and be prepared to answer/ask open and closed questions in some detail.